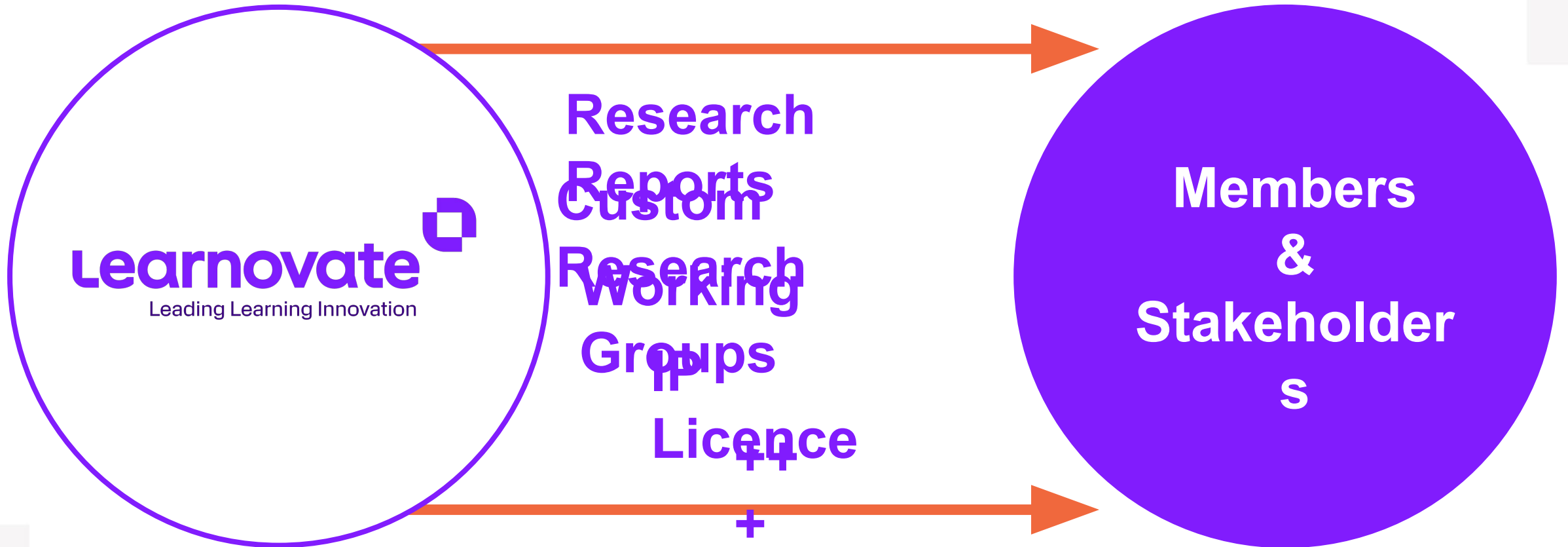


# From research to impact – how Learnovate is translating deep research into impactful initiatives in the real world

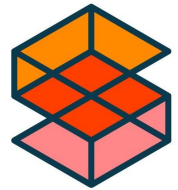
**Dr. Peter Gillis** – Innovation Team Lead

# Research to Impact



# Commercialisation Fund Projects

Enterprise Ireland's Commercialisation Fund supports third-level researchers to translate their research into innovative and commercially viable products, services and companies.



## SoapBox

- Accessed 100m+ times by 2m+ children prior to
- Nov 2023 Curriculum Associates (CA), now available to over 14 million children
- SoapBox team >> AI Innovation Hub for CA (AI Labs)
- Secured over 45 high value roles in Ireland
- CA = 2500+ roles in US, India, Ireland and Australia

# Deep Research to Impact

## Commercialisation Fund Projects



**ALPACA**

Spun out  
2024

Principal Investigator  
**Dr. Jennifer O'Sullivan**  
Marino Institute of Education

Collaborated with Learnovate to  
create a digital assessment for  
early childhood literacy, changing  
the world of dyslexia  
interventions.



**integrityIQ**

Spun out  
2025

Principal Investigator  
**Dr Daniel Malan,**  
Trinity Business School

Collaborated with Learnovate to  
create a corporate integrity  
management platform to fight the  
global problems of bribery,  
corruption, nepotism and other  
unethical decision making.

**Diotima**

Spinning out  
2026

Co-Principal Investigators  
**Dr Ann Devitt,**  
School of Ed. Trinity College Dublin.  
**Dr Carl Vogel,**  
School of Computer Science.

Collaborating with Learnovate to  
create an AI powered assistant to  
ease the challenges with  
delivering formative feedback on  
written assessments.

# Deep Research to Impact

Commercialisation Fund Projects



Principal Investigator

Dr. Peter Gillis

Learnovate, Trinity College Dublin

Collaborating with Learnovate to  
create an intervention model to  
profile and alleviate academic  
amotivation for undergraduate  
students.

# A (global) problem worth solving

Ireland - **11%** of higher education new entrants in 2022/23 did not progress to the following academic year. (HEA 2024)

U.S. - First-time, full-time undergraduate freshmen have a 12-month dropout rate of **23.3%** in the U.S. (Hanson, 2024).

Spain - **20.8%** of incoming students dropped out of undergraduate university

for good. (Fernández-Mellizo, 2022).



University College Dublin - 29% of students reported academic motivational concerns

in the first semester

(Gibney, Moore, Murphy, and O'Sullivan, 2011).

# Academic

# Amotivation

Self Determination Theory of Motivation (SDT),  
(Deci and Ryan, 1985)

## Spectrum of SDT

Amotivation

Extrinsic  
Motivation

Intrinsic Motivation

## Negative Internally Held Beliefs

Ability

Effort

Value

Task Characteristics

Performance

Self-esteem

Problem Behaviours

Drop out

## Negative Academic Outcomes

(Legault, Green-Demers and Pelletier, 2006)

Start  
with the  
problem



# SotA - the research

no evidence found of a personalised 'nudging' approach, directly with students, to alleviate academic amotivation in 1<sup>st</sup> year undergraduates.

gap

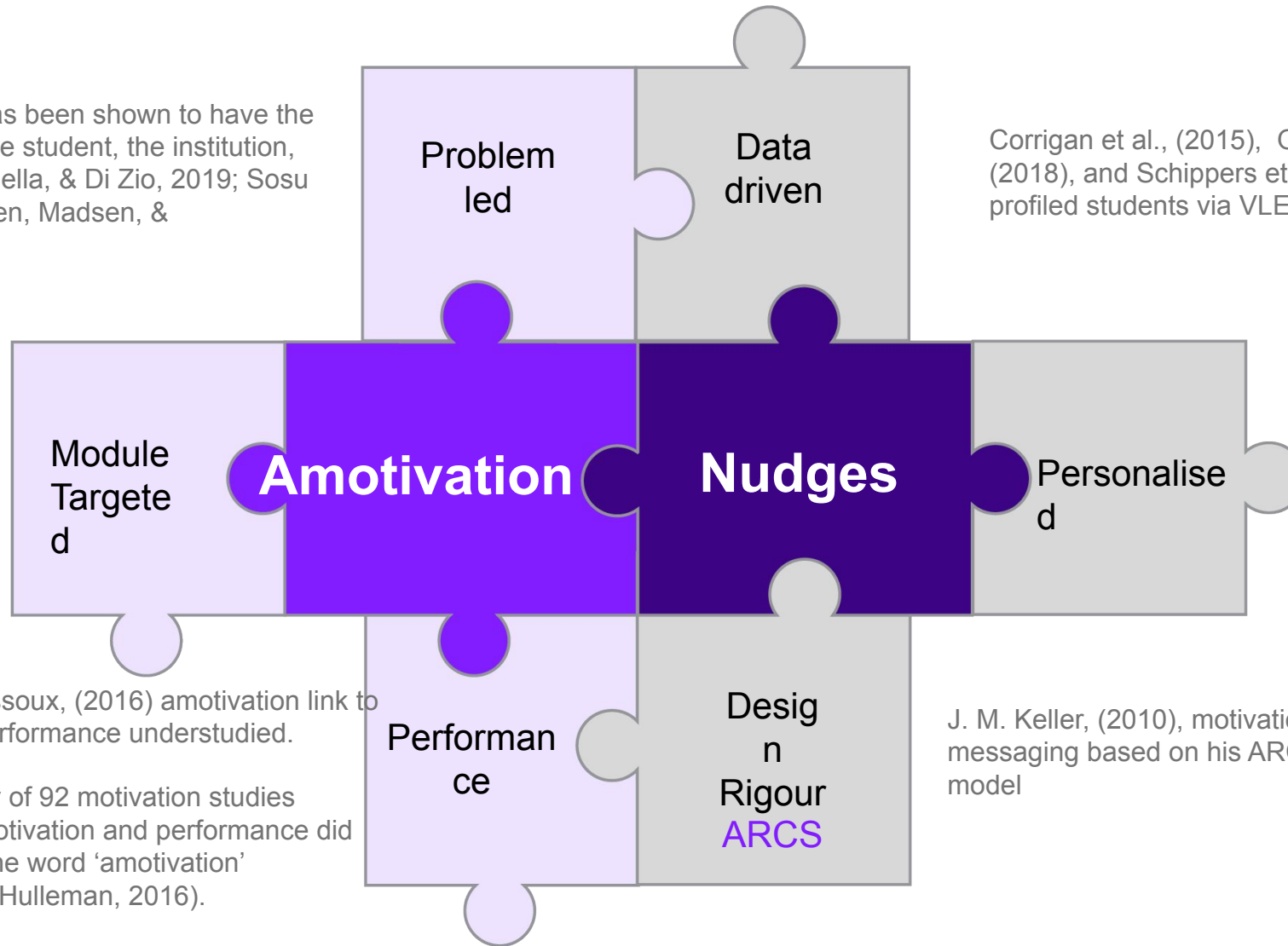
Undergraduate dropout has been shown to have the negative effects across; the student, the institution, and society, Sarra, Fontanella, & Di Zio, 2019; Sosu & Pheunpha, 2019; Ulriksen, Madsen, & Holmegaard, 2010.

Ryan & Deci, (2019), more SDT intervention studies in education.

Physical Ed. & 2<sup>nd</sup> Language  
Shen, Wingert, Li, Sun, & Rukavina, (2010), Jackson-Kersey & Spray, (2016) , Burden (2015)

Leroy & Bressoux, (2016) amotivation link to academic performance understudied.

A meta study of 92 motivation studies relating to motivation and performance did not feature the word 'amotivation' (Lazowski & Hulleman, 2016).



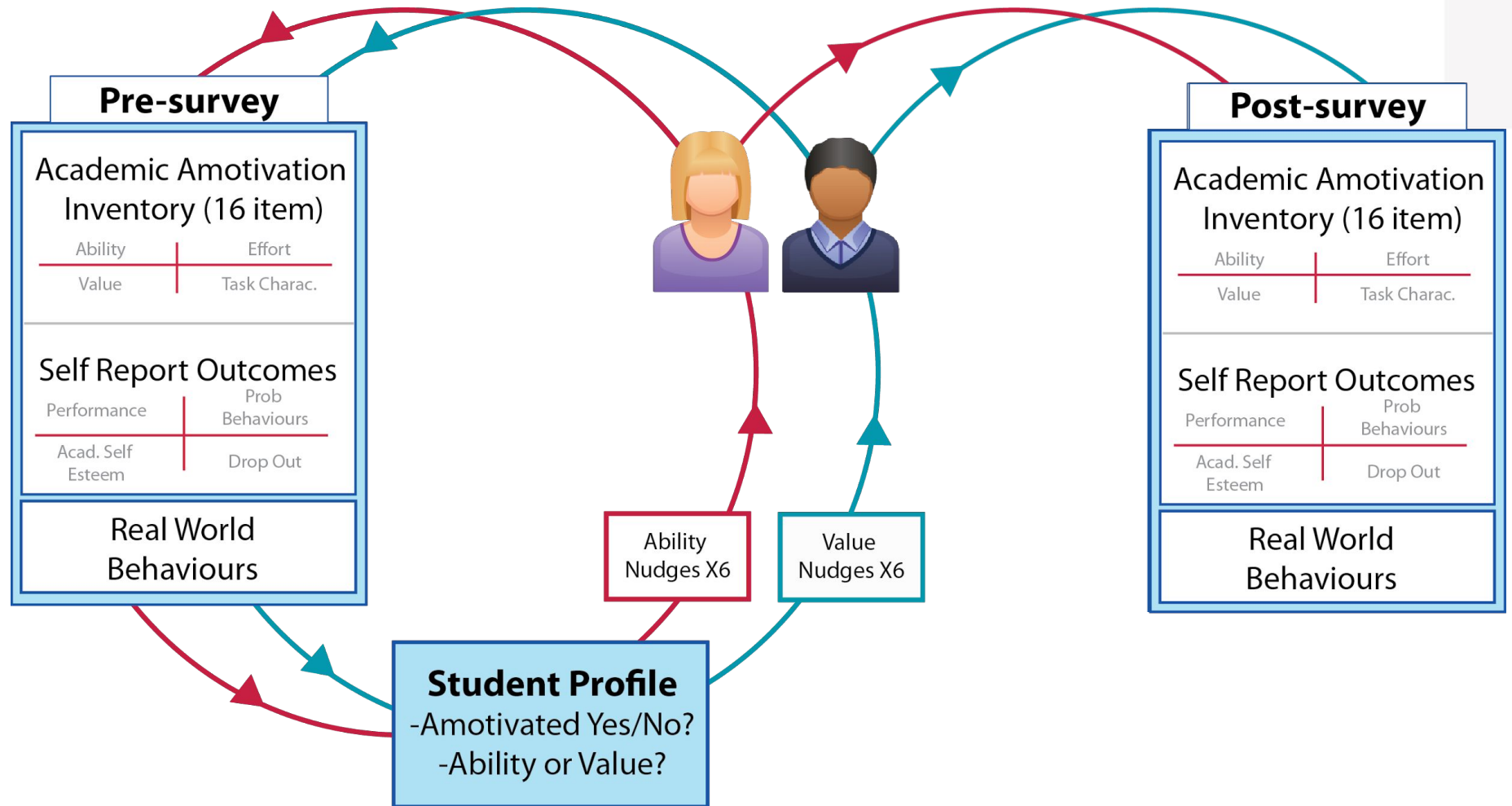
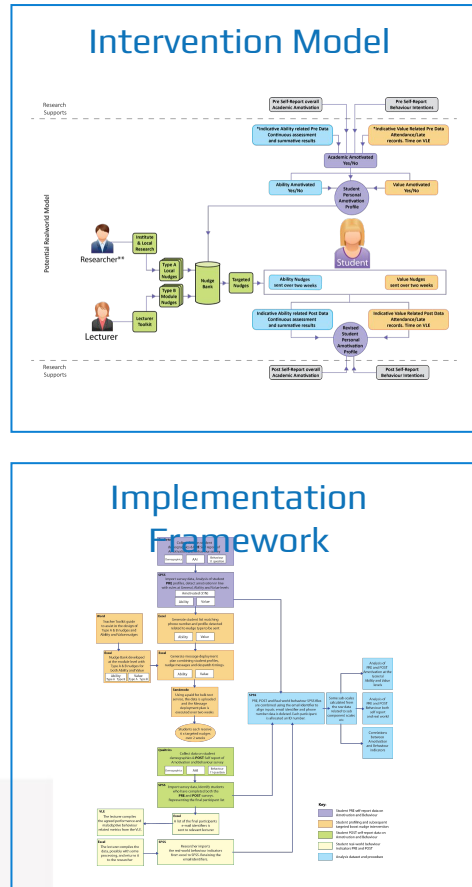
Corrigan et al., (2015), O'Connell & Lang, (2018), and Schippers et al., (2015) also profiled students via VLE indicators

Historical data, last log-in.  
Corrigan et al., 2015;  
O'Connell & Lang, 2018;  
personalised but not amotivation focused

J. M. Keller, (2010), motivation messaging based on his ARCS model



# Intervention – Intervention Model & Implementation Framework



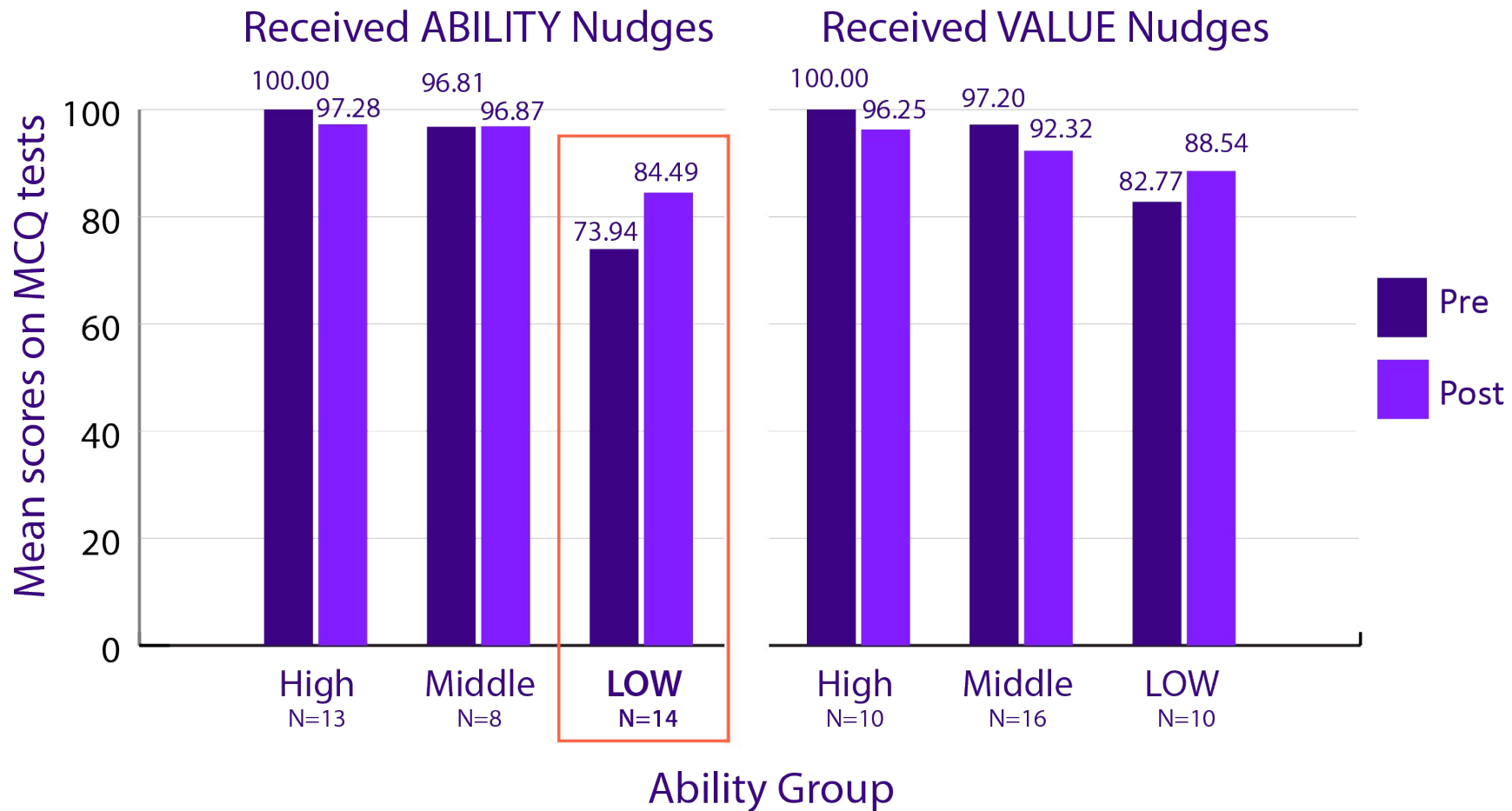
# Primary Research - findings

Experiment 3: 125 1<sup>st</sup> year undergraduate participants over two academic years.

Amotivation Group	N	Nudge Type Received	Wilcoxon	AAI Ability Subscale Pre to Post	AAI Value Subscale Pre to Post
Not Amotivated – Ability dominant	16	Ability	Z Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	-.859 0.390	-1.029 0.303
Not Amotivated – Value dominant	23	Value	Z Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	-.914 0.361	-.316 0.752
Middle Group – Ability dominant	20	Ability	Z Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	-2.190 0.028	-.728 0.466
Middle Group – Value dominant	21	Value	Z Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	-.066b 0.947	-.667 0.505
Amotivated – Ability dominant	29	Ability	Z Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	-2.690 0.007	-1.271 0.204
Amotivated – Value dominant	28	Value	Z Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	-.637 0.524	-2.926 0.003

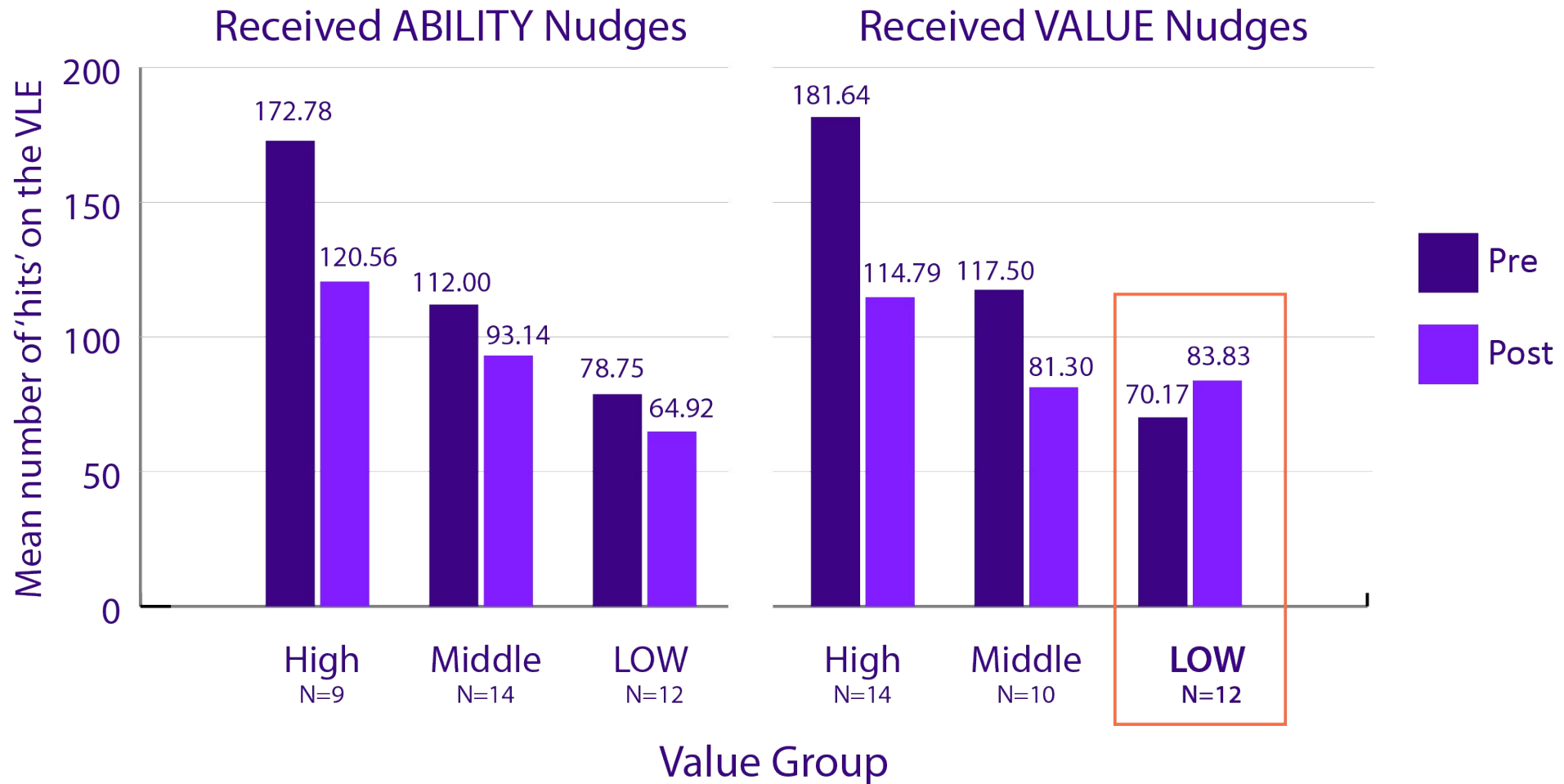
# Primary Research -

Ability amotivation is linked with performance



# Primary Research - findings

Value amotivation is linked with maladaptive behaviour



# Deep Research to Impact

## Commercialisation Fund Projects



Principal Investigator  
[Dr. Peter Gillis](#)  
Learnovate, Trinity College Dublin

[Collaborating with Learnovate to create an](#) intervention model to profile and alleviate academic amotivation for undergraduate students.

- A product that could support your organisation
- A product you may be interested in discussing further
- Have an idea for a different product
- Core projects can lead to products, get involved



# Thank you!